



## Distribution Systems State Estimation Using Sparsified Voltage Profile

M. Majidi, M. Etezadi-Amoli, H.Livani, M. S. Fadali

Department of Electrical and Biomedical Engineering, University of Nevada, Reno, USA

This paper exploits an electrical characteristic of distribution networks to cast the state estimation problem into a sparse vector recovery problem. In distribution networks, voltage differences between two buses of each line segment are much smaller than the infeed bus voltage. Therefore, the voltage profile signal can be sparsified with a difference transformation and recovered from only a few micro-phasor measurement units ( $\mu$ PMUs) using compressive sensing (CS) and  $\ell_1$  regularization. The effectiveness of the proposed algorithm is verified through the simulation results of a standard unbalanced distribution network, the IEEE 123-bus system, under different operation conditions. The method accurately estimates system states even with multiple bad current measurements. It also detects, identifies, and corrects bad voltage measurements. In addition, a problem of binary integer linear programming is solved to obtain and optimally place the minimum number of  $\mu$ PMUs necessary to provide a unique solution for the proposed state estimation formulation.



This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant No. IIA-1301726. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation.